Three Aksha is an Indian Dance Company based in Philadelphia teaching an Indian dance form called Bharatanatyam.

Bharatanatyam is a classical Indian dance that began in the ancient temples of South India. From there it moved to royal courts and then to its present form which was shaped by dancer-choreographer Rukmini Devi Arundale (1904-1986). The primary source of Bharatanatyam is an ancient religious text on the performing arts called the Natyashastra. This text outlines the dance’s characters, the use of the stage, and even its choreography. In this classical dance form, the dancer represents the journey of the human soul. The movement of Bharatanatyam uses the body to create strict lines, angles, and geometry. The instruments being played with the dances include: the mridangam (double-sided drum), nadaswaram (long type of oboe made from a black wood), nattuvangam (cymbals), the flute, violin and veena.
Violin
Mridangam
Dance
Nattuvangam

India
Three Aksha
Nadaswaram
Flute
Veena

Where the hands go, the eyes follow
Where the eyes go, the mind follows
Where the mind goes, the emotions are created
Where the emotions are created, sentiment springs.
TRUE OR FALSE

India is a peninsula  
T  F

The capital of India is Mumbai  
T  F

India’s primary language is Hindi  
T  F

WORD SEARCH

The answer key for the word search puzzle is not visible in the provided image.